





































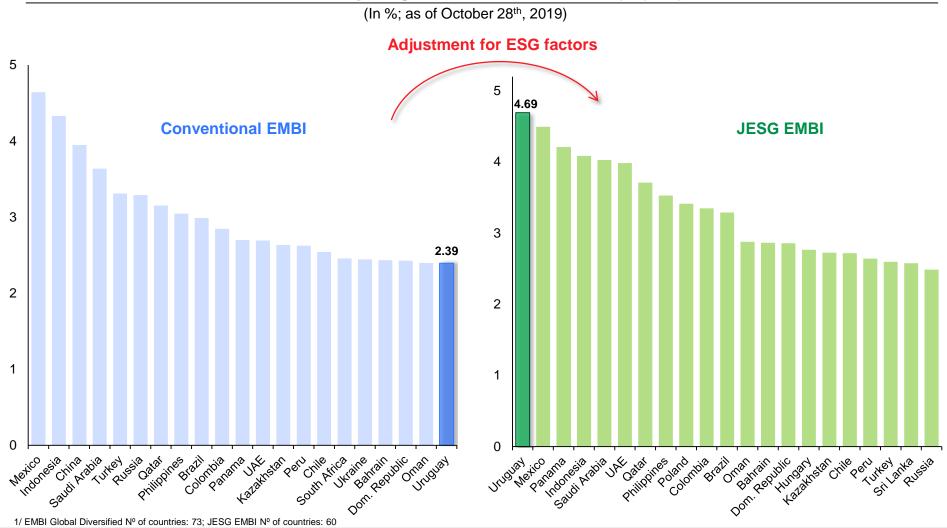
ESG snapshot

October 2019

Uruguay is a top performer on Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) fundamentals...



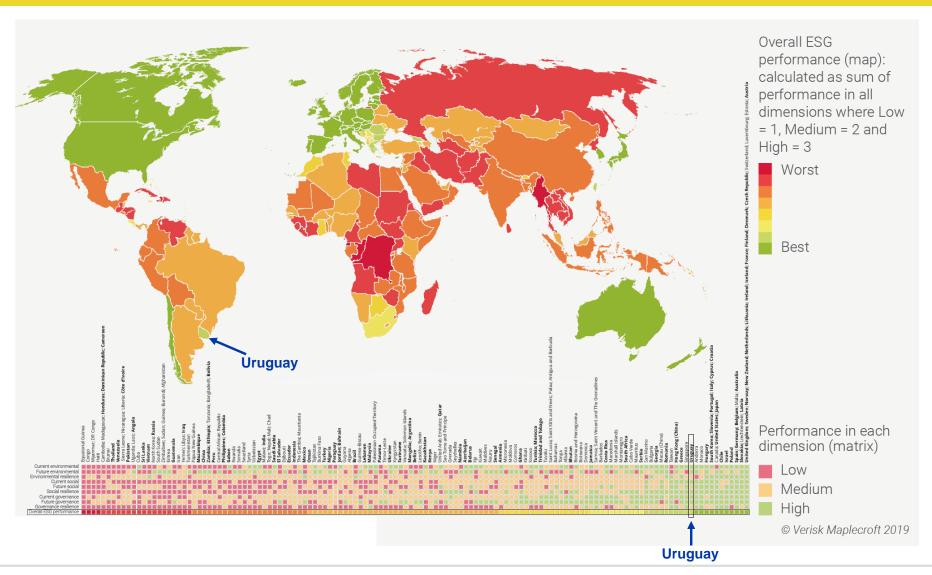
Country weights in EMBI benchmarks (Top-21)^{1/}



Source: J.P. Morgan Chase & Co

... according to many of the available tools and techniques to measure and integrate ESG factors into sovereign debt analysis





Environment:

Adherence to international standards underpinned by domestic policies



International Agreements

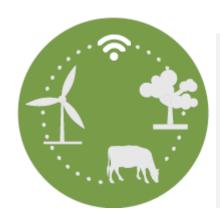
- Paris Agreement (2016)
- Sustainable Development Goals (2016)
- Kyoto Protocol (2000) and Doha Amendment (2012)

Local Legislation

- National Climate Change Policy (2017)
- National Environmental System (2016)
- Program to Reduce Emission Caused by Deforestation and Forest Degradation (2016)
- National Plan of Energy Efficiency (2015)
- National System of Response to Climate Change and Variability (2009)

Local Legislation

- Economic benefits for the incorporation of electric vehicles
- Subsidies program to public bus services to incorporate electric-engine buses
- Forbidden the use of non-biodegradable plastic bags plus a USD 0.11 tariff



August 2019

Development Strategy Uruguay 2050

Report on sustainable productive transformation

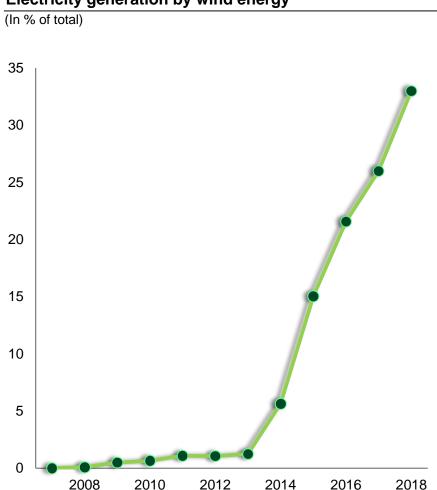
Source: Uruguay legal framework.

Environment:

Swift energy matrix transformation towards renewable sources

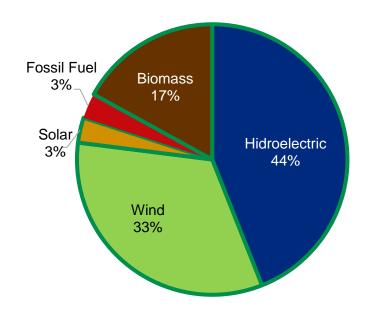


Electricity generation by wind energy



Electricity generation by source

(In % of total, year 2018)

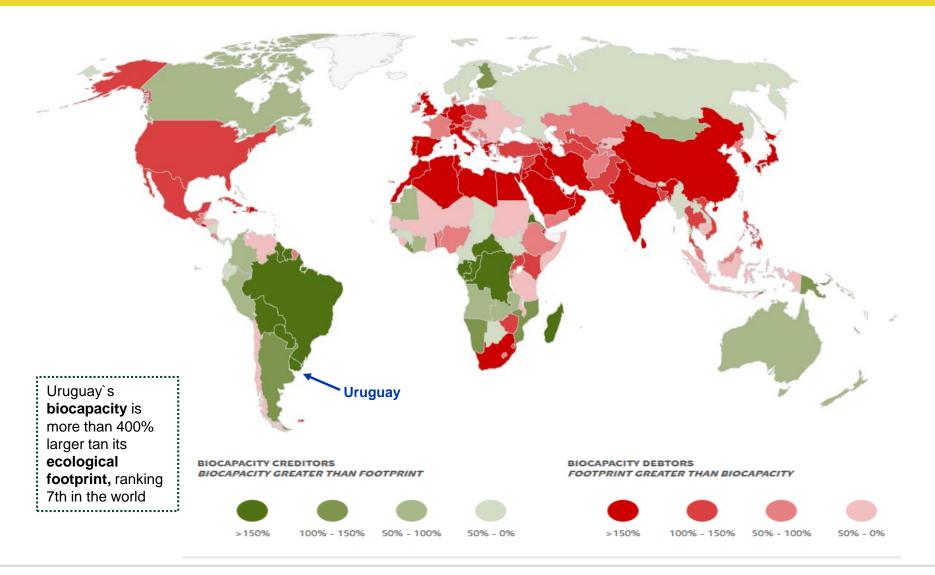


- Uruguay is 4th in the world in wind and solar generation, and 1st in Latin America
- De-carbonization is already happening: by 2025
 CO₂ emission intensity will be half of that in 1990

Environment:

Uruguay is among countries with the largest ecological reserve





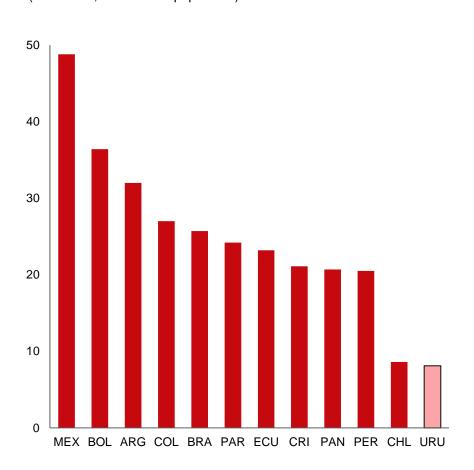
Social:

Low poverty rates and a broad social safety net stand out in Latam



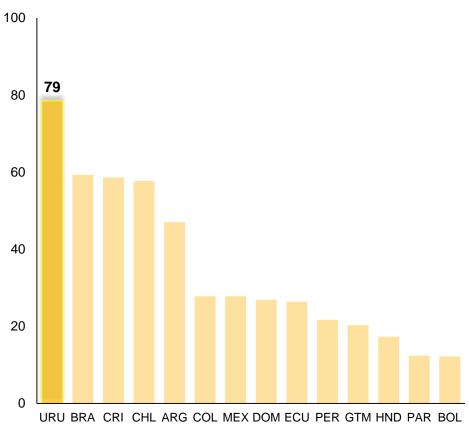
Poverty compared to Latam

(Year 2018, in % of total population) /1



Social security coverage ratio compared to Latam

(Contributors over labor force, in %)



^{1/} Except for Argentina, which is urban poverty, and Bolivia, Brazil, Chile and Panama which figures are for 2017.

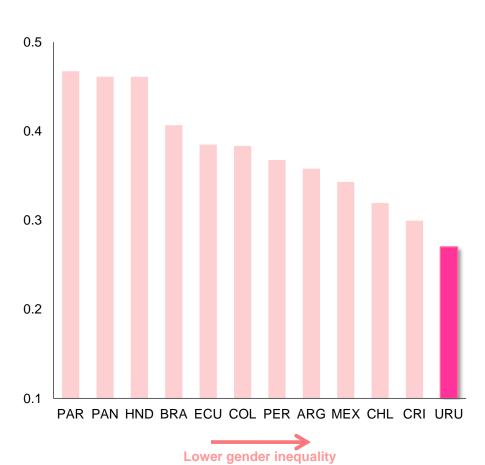
Social:

Highest GDP per capita and income distribution, and lowest gender inequality in Latam



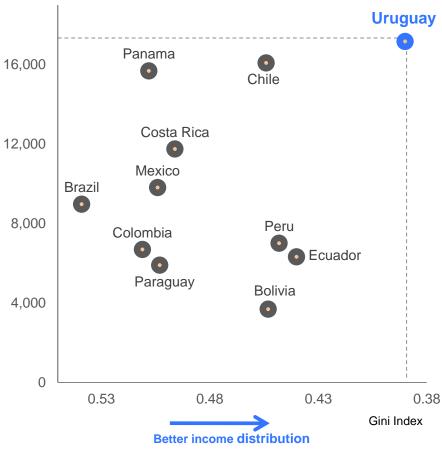
Gender inequality compared to Latam

(Gender Inequality Index, 2018)



GDP per capita and income distribution^{1/}

(Year 2018)



1/ GDP per capita in nominal USD; latest available Gini Index for each country

Governance:

Uruguay remains a bastion of political stability in Latin America



Political stability compared to Latam

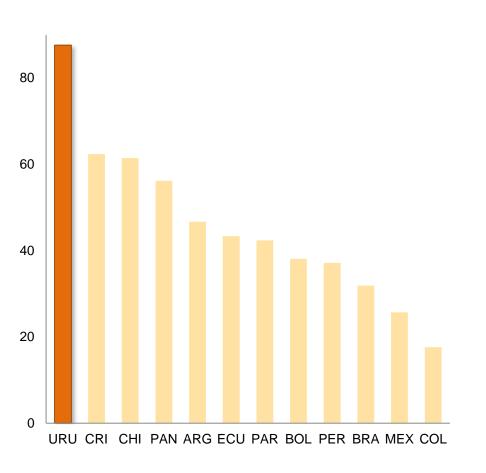
(Year 2018)

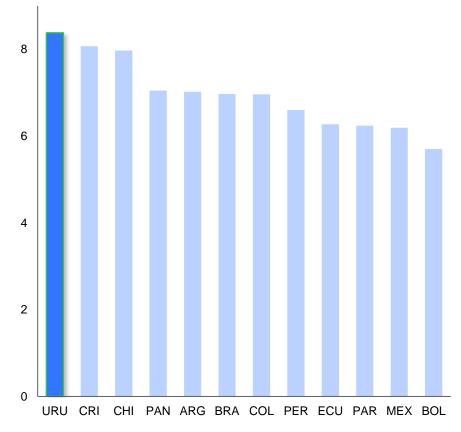


Democratic foundations compard to Latam

(Year 2018)







Governance:

Uruguay has solid institutional and social foundations, as well as fiscal and debt transparency



Uruguay's Ranking Position in Latin America (2018-2019)



Rule of Law 1/





Press Freedom 4/





Lowest Corruption Perception ^{2/}





Economic Freedom 5/





Prosperity 3/





Government Open Data 6/

